

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH BENGAL

B.Sc. Honours 4th Semester Examination, 2023

GE2-P2-MICROBIOLOGY

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

Full Marks: 40

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

The question paper contains PAPER-3 & PAPER-4. The Candidates are required to answer any *one* from the *two* papers. Candidates should mention it clearly on the Answer Book.

PAPER-3: (BACTERIOLOGY AND VIROLOGY)

1.		Answer any <i>five</i> questions from the following:	$1 \times 5 = 5$
	(a)	What is CFU?	1
	(b)	Name one antiport system.	1
	(c)	What is the average pore size of membrane filters?	1
	(d)	What is the function of lysozyme?	1
	(e)	Name a virus with pleomorphic capsid.	1
	(f)	Name two oncogenic DNA viruses.	1
	(g)	What is bacteriocin?	1
	(h)	What is F-Plasmid?	1

2.	Answer any <i>three</i> questions from the following:	$5 \times 3 = 15$
	(a) What is viral symmetry? What do you mean by helical symmetry? Name on naked and one enveloped helical virus.	e 2+2+1
((b) What are interferons? Classify it.	2+3
	(c) Name one antiprotozoal drug. Write the mechanism of action of interferon.	1+4
((d) Write down the features of prions.	5
	(e) What is lytic-lysogenic switch?	5

3.	Answer any <i>two</i> questions from the following:	$10 \times 2 = 20$
(a)	How do Archae differ from bacteria? Illustrate the structure of cell wall of	4+4+2
Archae. What are two examples of Archaebacteria?		

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	(b)	How does cytoplasmic membrane act as transporter? State the major differences between Gram +ve and Gram –ve bacterial cell wall.	3+7
	(c)	Illustrate the structure of prokaryotic ribosome by Stoffler & Wittmann's model. How does it differ from that of eukaryotic one?	6+4
	(d)	Give the characteristic features of the different classes of human interferons. Describe any three biological effects of interferons.	6+4
		PAPER-4: (MEDICAL MICROBIOLOGY AND IMMUNOLOGY)	
1.		Answer any <i>five</i> questions from the following:	$1 \times 5 = 5$
	(a)	Define invasion.	
	(b)	What do you understand by nosocomial infection?	
	(c)	Define virulence.	
	(d)	Name two opportunistic organism. What is the role of thymosin?	
	(e)	What is epitope?	
	(f)	Name one autoimmune disease.	
	(g)	How antigen differs from immunogen?	
	(h)	Name one protein synthesis inhibitor.	
2.		Answer any <i>three</i> questions from the following:	$5 \times 3 = 15$
	(a)	Name two fungal diseases, their causative agent, symptoms and treatment of	5
	()	humans.	-
	(b)	Write a brief note on SCID mice.	5
	(c)	Discuss the structure and function of macrophage and NK cells.	$2\frac{1}{2}+2\frac{1}{2}$
	(d)	Describe various methods of infection transmission.	5
	(e)	Classify antibodies and state their role.	5
3.		Answer any <i>two</i> questions from the following:	$10 \times 2 = 20$
	(a)	Write down the pathogenesis and treatment of Cholera.	5+5
	(b)	Describe one primary and one secondary immune organ with diagram.	5+5
	(c)	Describe mode of action of Amphotericin B and Acyclovir. Add a note on cell- mediated immune response.	3+3+4
	(d)	State the features of a potent antigen. Write a note on types and importance of normal microbial flora of human body.	5+5

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